The following graphic is an example of how activity at Florida airports generates economic impacts throughout the state.

**Lake Wales Municipal Airport (X07)**

**The Money**

- **Direct Payroll & Taxes:** $600,000
- **Supplier Purchases:** $400,000
- **Income Re-Spending:** $550,000

**Value Added = $860,000**

**How the Money Is Circulated**

- **$450,000 Direct Payroll**
  - Acme Air uses $450,000 of the $1 million to pay their workers, including wages and benefits.

- **$150,000 Taxes**
  - Acme Air pays $150,000 of the $1 million to local, state, and federal taxes.

- **$210,000 Supplier Purchases**
  - Acme Air pays $210,000 of the $1 million to Florida businesses that support their operations, such as machine shops and computer stores.

- **$100,000 Indirect Payroll**
  - $100,000 of the $210,000 is paid to workers as wages and benefits.

- **$80,000 Goods/Services**
  - $80,000 of the $210,000 is spent on goods and services.

- **$30,000 Business Taxes**
  - $30,000 of the $210,000 is paid to business taxes.

- **$190,000 Leakage**
  - Acme Air pays $190,000 of the $1 million to businesses located outside Florida. This money is expelled from the state economy.

- **$110,000 Taxes & Savings**
  - Employees from Acme Air and other in-state businesses use $110,000 of their earnings on taxes and personal savings.

- **$330,000 In State Purchases**
  - Employees from Acme Air and other in-state businesses spend $330,000 of their wages on goods and services at Florida businesses.

- **$80,000 Induced Payroll**
  - Florida businesses pay $80,000 of the $330,000 to their workers as wages and benefits.

- **$200,000 Goods/Services**
  - Florida businesses spend $200,000 of the $330,000 on goods and services.

- **$50,000 Business Taxes**
  - Florida businesses pay $50,000 of the $330,000 to business taxes.

- **$110,000 Leakage**
  - $110,000 is lost to Florida’s economy through out of state purchases.

The graphic illustrates the economic impact of Acme Air paying $1 million to repair aircraft at Lake Wales Municipal Airport. The money circulates through direct payroll, taxes, supplier purchases, and income re-spending, generating a total value added of $860,000. This impacts various sectors and results in economic activity throughout the state.
LAKE WALES MUNICIPAL AIRPORT

Lake Wales Municipal Airport is located in Polk County, about 50 miles east of Tampa. The airport has two intersecting runways, with the longest runway measuring 4,003 feet. The airport accommodates general aviation aircraft and supports many types of general aviation activities.

The airport, which primarily supports skydiving and parachuting activity, has hosted skydiving championships and holds skydiving world records. The airport is often used for recreational flying, such as light sport aviation activities. The airport also supports agricultural and mosquito spraying for the local community. Recently, the airport has experienced an increase in military operations. Flight instructors also use the airport to conduct flight and career training. The airport is engaged in the local community and hosts events such as the Breast Cancer Awareness 5k and Flight Fest. Business tenants at the airport, such as the fixed base operator (FBO), contribute to the airport’s economic impacts.

Florida’s Statewide Benefits From Aviation

Florida realizes significant economic benefits from aviation. The Florida Department of Transportation completed a comprehensive economic impact analysis to measure these benefits. Benefits measured in the FDOT study considered on-airport impacts, visitor spending impacts, and multiplier impacts.

Florida’s 129 public-use airports (including 20 commercial service facilities) are a major economic engine of the State’s economy. The aviation system keeps Florida connected to the global marketplace while simultaneously driving local economies. Florida’s airports provide space and infrastructure for important activities such as manufacturing, logistics, tourism, and emergency response. Below is a summary of the total statewide economic impact as well as the impact of District 1.

STATEWIDE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Economic Impact</th>
<th>$175 billion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>On-Airport</td>
<td>$72,014,206,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visitor Spending</td>
<td>$90,732,534,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industry Reliance</td>
<td>$9,815,780,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Military</td>
<td>$72,014,206,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On-Airport Impacts $6,266,000
Multiplier Impacts $7,370,000
Visitor Spending Impacts $1,661,000
Total Employment 145
Total Payroll $5,263,000
Total Output $15,296,000

DISTRICT 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Economic Impact</th>
<th>$13 billion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>On-Airport</td>
<td>$3,464,014,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visitor Spending</td>
<td>$9,735,602,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information regarding the results and methodology of this economic impact study, please visit https://www.fdot.gov/aviation/economicimpact.shtm.

Previous versions of this Study used different terminology to communicate results. The following terms were updated: Direct Impacts changed to On-Airport Impacts and Indirect Impacts changed to Visitor Spending Impacts.